



SOCIO-PSYCHOLOGICAL ASPECTS OF PREPARING YOUTH OF MARRIAGE AGE FOR PARENTITY

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Abstract

Based on statistical data and research results, the article analyzes the socio-psychological aspects of the effective preparation of young people who are on the verge of marriage for the social roles of parenthood.

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In connection with the increase in the world of non-traditional forms of having the status of paternity or motherhood, the weakening of the position of the family institution, the transformation of marital relations, the negative impact on society of the educational function in young families, it is becoming increasingly important to pay special attention to strengthening the family. «... Such trends, in particular, are associated with the restructuring of the family as a social institution, creating a new social situation for the development of the personality...» [6].

In this regard, the preservation of the relationship between parental responsibility and the upbringing of children, taking into account the formation of the younger generation in a family environment, the formation of a psychology of family holiness and a responsible approach to family relations among unmarried boys and girls, and forecasting their social views before marriage remain relevant problems.

According to the Department for Strengthening the Family and Moral Values of the State Committee for Family and Women Affairs, 36,456 family divorces were registered in January-September 2022.

This figure was 29098 people for the same period in 2021, an increase of 7358 people (20%). 9967 or 18% of the total number of 36456 divorces registered in the republic falls on families under thirty years old.

When studying the causes of divorces, the discrepancy between characters was 14127 cases or 39%, betrayal - 1072 cases or 3% [7]. From this point of view, as a result of the analysis of these data, it is proved the need to prepare boys and girls of marriageable age for parenthood, to form in future parents a sense of responsibility for the tasks of raising children. is one of the most important tasks.

It is known that after a divorce, 86 percent of children remain in the care of their mother. This can be seen only in 3 months of 2019, when 615 citizens were brought to collect alimony for the maintenance of their children from 10,758 citizens by a court decision, 1,191 fathers were brought to administrative and 3 fathers to criminal liability for refusing to provide for their children [8].

Also today in Uzbekistan, marriages that are not legally valid, not formalized in the manner prescribed by law, that is, not registered or held in the registry office, and families built on the basis of Sharia are increasing. This category of families is not recognized as legal even in the conduct of a common household and the birth of children.

According to Article 64 of the Family Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan “Rights and obligations of children born out of wedlock”, although children born from an informal marriage have equal rights with those born from an official marriage, due to the fact that the marriage between their parents was informal, their parents does not impose duties and responsibilities, due to the fact that it is unofficial, is equated to children born from persons who are in mutual marriage with their relatives, does not create mutual family rights and obligations between their parents [1].

According to the State Statistics Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan, due to the lack of official statistics on unregistered marriages, the number of children born to unmarried women around the world is used as an indicator. In European countries, this figure is 30-60 percent, in Russia over 20 percent, in Uzbekistan over 8 percent. Below we present the official statistics of the State Statistics Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan, born out of legal marriage.

Table 1. Children born to unmarried women in Uzbekistan

Years	Born out of official marriage, in numbers	Relative to all born in (%)
2016	61267	8,5
2017	61145	8,3
2018	60209	8,3
2019	60913	8,5

Source: State Statistics Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan

If analyzed from a socio-psychological point of view, then the increase in the number of divorces or children born out of wedlock shows the irresponsibility of parents in raising a child, creates problems in the matter of his fate. Among adolescents, crime, alcoholism and other negative social phenomena are on the rise. Later, young people who have absorbed bad habits and are not ready to start a family get married and, of course, repeat the mistakes of their parents.

Confirmation of our opinion is that more than 70 percent of juveniles who have committed crimes and are convicted today are divorced or single mothers, or children growing up without a father and parents. At the same time, relations in the family are not properly established, parents are addicted to alcohol, there is a loss of mutual respect, that is, in a word, the heads of the family - the parents themselves need education (151 fathers (mothers) in only three months of 2019) are deprived of parental rights) also is one of the situations that affect the future of minors [8].

It is known that parental tasks are also important for the stability of the family, which they perform later in the family to prepare young people for family life. The survey was conducted among the youth of Jizzakh, Namangan, Syrdarya, Samarkand regions and the city of Tashkent. They were asked: “Do you think it is necessary to learn how to be a parent before starting a family?” - we asked a question. 13% of study participants “do not consider it necessary”, 84% “do not consider it necessary”, 2% “maybe it is necessary”, 22% of participants are ready to start a family, 27% are not ready yet, 43% reported that they do not have sufficient knowledge in this respect. This is also seen from Table 2.

Table 2. The results of the question “Do you think it is necessary to learn how to be a parent before starting a family?”.

	Answers	Regions					sum	%
		Jizzakh	Namangan	Samarkand	Syrdarya	Tashkent		
A1.	I think it's necessary	92	90	80	88	45	395	84.0
B2.	I don't think it's necessary	8	10	10	12	23	63	13.0
C3.	maybe it's necessary	0	0	10	0	0	10	2.0
	Total	100	100	100	100	68	468	100.0

“Are you ready to commit yourself to an honest and selfless relationship as a parent?”. According to the analysis of indicators of a study conducted in five regions of our country, it was found that 81.0% of respondents do not have the necessary qualifications and skills to enter into a sincere and impartial relationship in the family as parents. This situation and today's family rulings basically show the importance of equipping the family with the necessary knowledge, skills and abilities to enter into a sincere and impartial relationship, see Table 3.

Those who took part in it said that they were completely ready to start a family, 22% were ready for marriage, 27% were not ready yet, and 43% said that they did not have enough knowledge about this. Also, the results of a study conducted with divorced young couples in the Syrdarya region showed that married couples do not have sufficient legal, psychological, religious, educational, spiritual, ethical, medical and hygienic knowledge and skills in the field of family relations, and these factors are the main reason for divorce.

In studies conducted among students of universities and colleges in the Syrdarya region, 14.7% of respondents used religious and secular knowledge when creating a family, 13.1% used psychological preparation and the ability to properly build relationships with family members, 9.8% used knowledge of law and responsibilities of a spouse, 6.5% said they needed economic and professional independence.

Table 3. The results of the question "Are you ready to commit yourself to an honest and selfless relationship as a parent?"

	Answers	Regions					sum	%
		Jizzakh	Namangan	Samarkand	Syrdarya	Tashkent		
A1.	ready/ready	31	16	16	20	7	90	19.0
B2.	not quite ready	25	11	22	40	42	140	30.0
C3.	not ready	25	40	24	23	10	122	26.0
D4.	I don't know much about it	19	33	38	17	9	116	25.0
	Total	100	100	100	100	68	468	100.0

It can be seen from the foregoing that, along with special preparation of young people for marriage, it is also necessary to educate them about the role and responsibility of parents.

In the study of the causes of divorce, the discrepancy between the characters - 14127 cases or 39%, betrayal - 1072 cases or 3%. From this point of view, as a result of the analysis of these data, it is proved the need to prepare boys and girls of marriageable age for parenthood, to form in future parents a sense of responsibility for the tasks of raising children. is one of the most important tasks. From this point of view, as a result of the analysis of these data, it is proved the need to prepare boys and girls of marriageable age for parenthood, to form in future parents a sense of responsibility for the tasks of raising children. is one of the most important tasks.

From the above information, it can be seen that today the attitude towards the role of young people in the family and society is changing, the existing trend of divorces among young families is growing, and the family's task of raising and parental responsibility is fading. Urgent prevention of such situations and carrying out systematic propaganda work among the population makes it necessary to conduct special studies on the preparation of young people for parental responsibility.

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